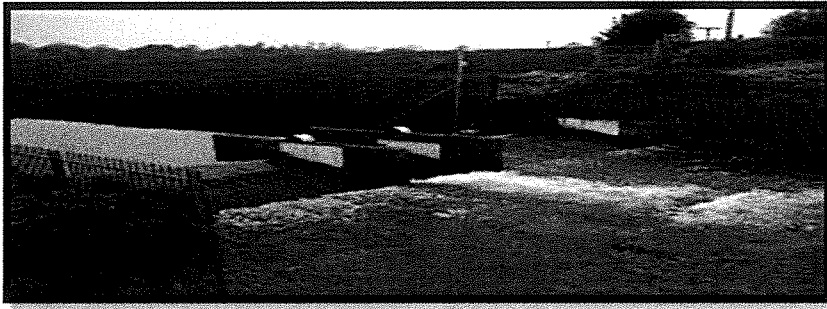


DESIGN OF IRRIGATION STRUCTURE (2)

رابعة مدني

engineer22.com



LOCKS
Continue of drawing
&
Design of side culvert

12

(Continue of Drawing)

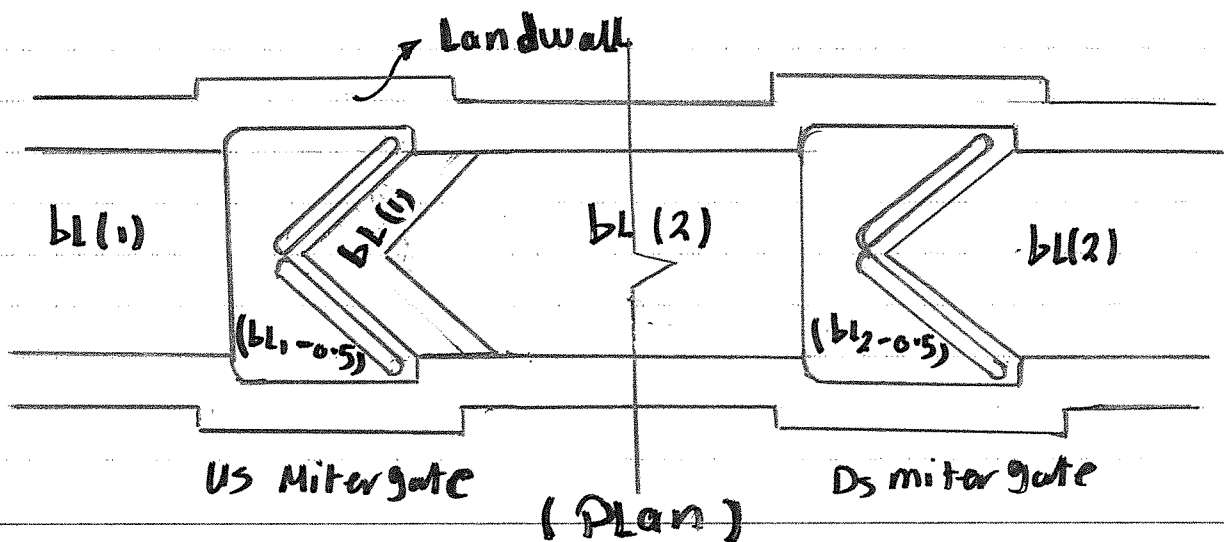
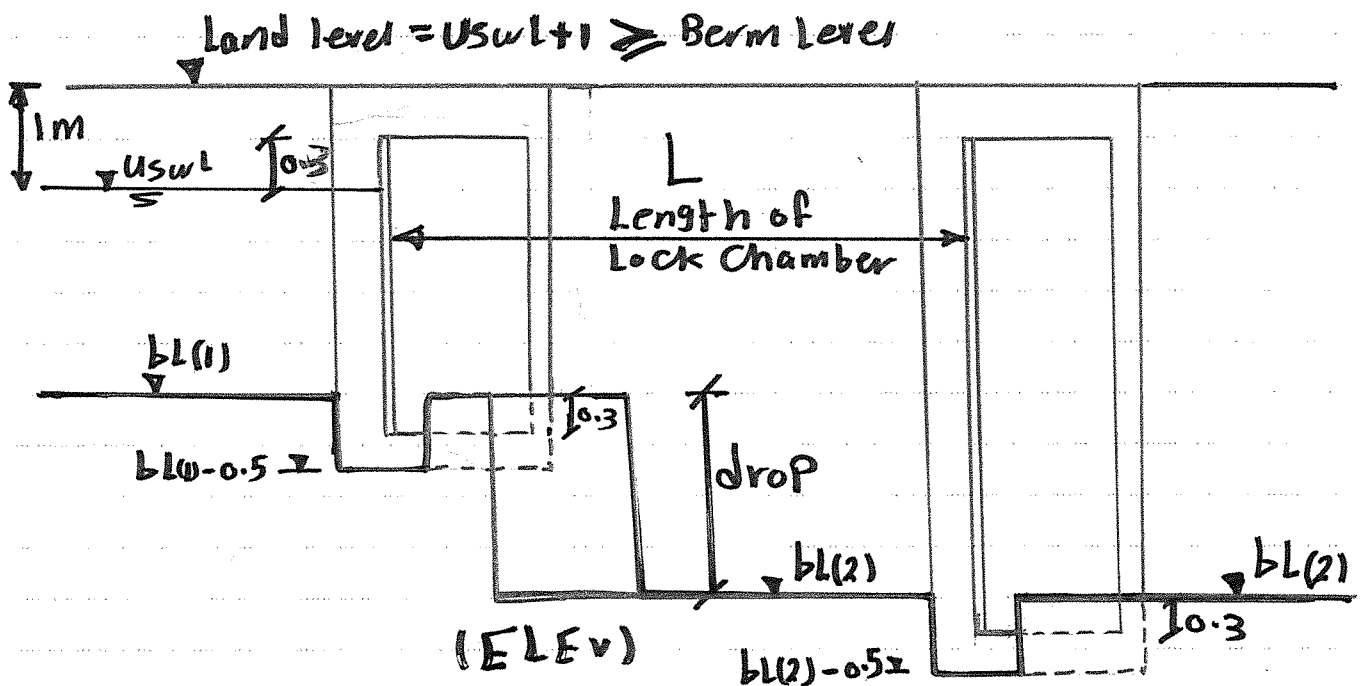
* يوجد عدة أنواع للأهوسة منها (Shaft lock - drop lock)

(Two way Lock, Chain Lock)

* سنقوم الآن بدراسة شكل الـ (drop lock) ويستخدم

هذا النوع في حالة وجود فرق في مناسيب القاع لا يزيد

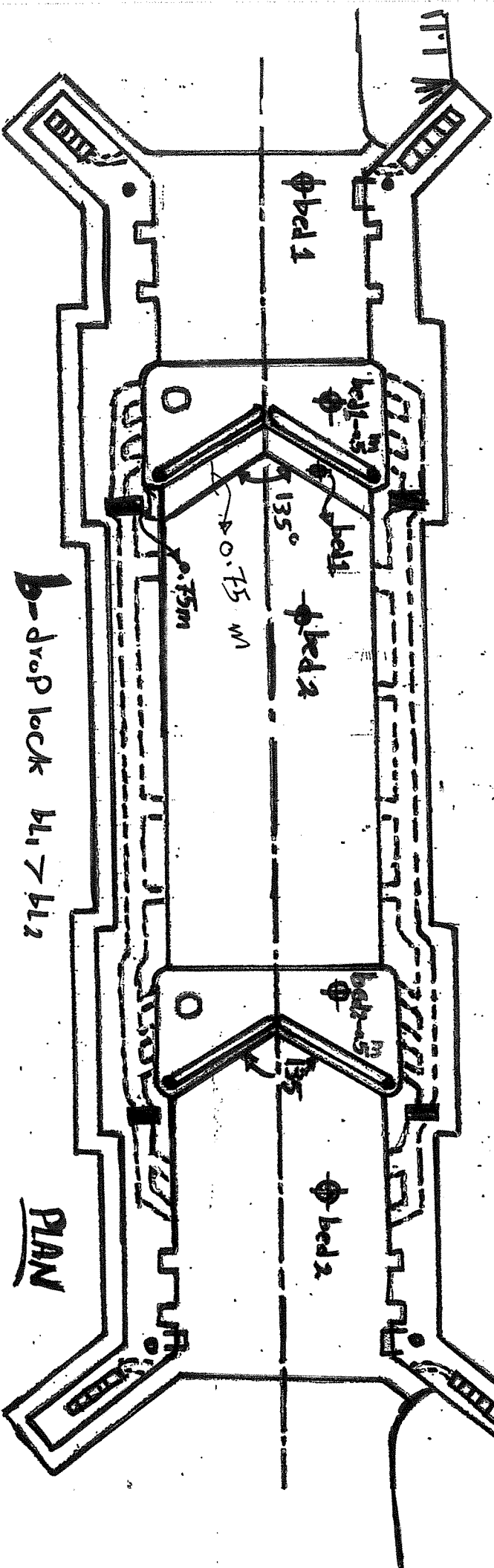
عن 6 متر.



- يحدث انخفاض (drop) في منسوب الفرشة بين البوابتين
- يساوي الفرق بين المنسوبين $bL(1)$ و $bL(2)$
- وسنقوم الآن بالتعرف على الفرق بين الهاويس العادي وال (drop Lock) في رسم ال ELEV وال Plan

$bL(1) = bL(2)$ ← الهاويس العادي

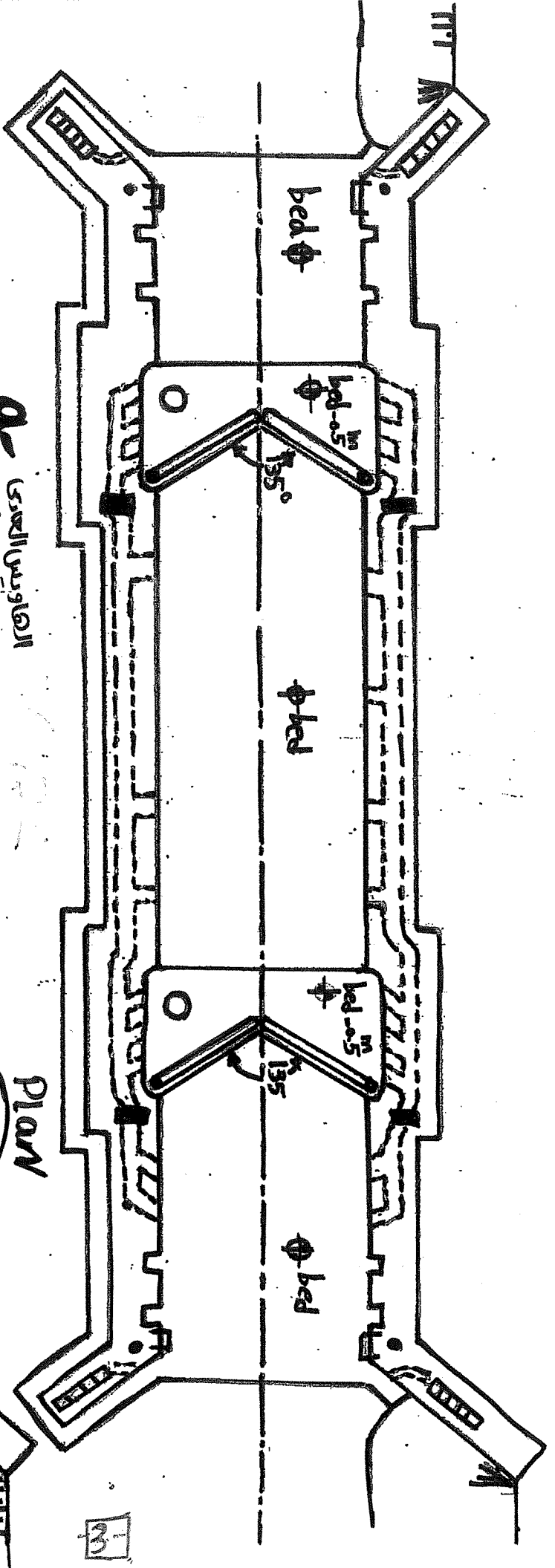
$bL(1) > bL(2)$ ← drop Lock



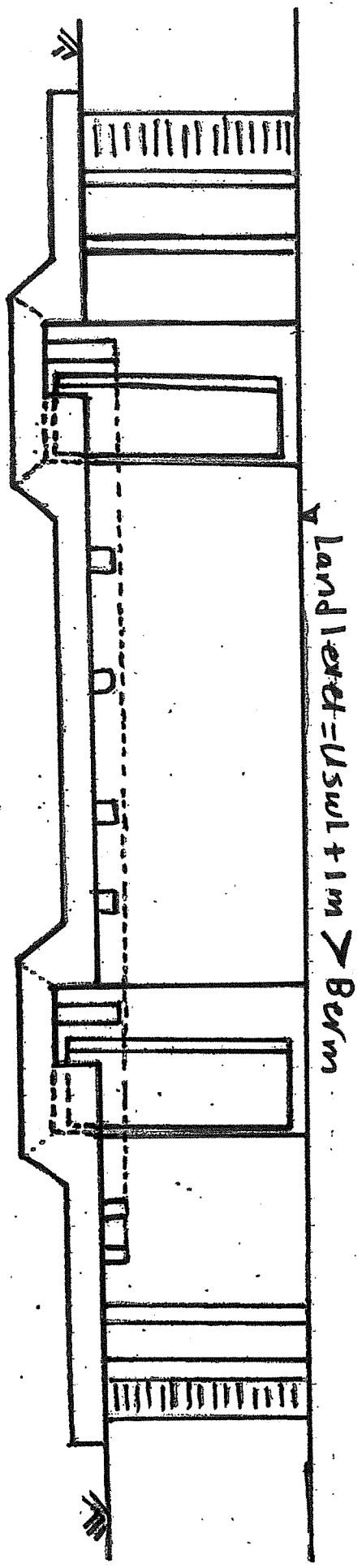
b-drop lock $b_{l1} > b_{l2}$

a
 (سوالی و جوابی)
 $b_{l1} = b_{l2}$

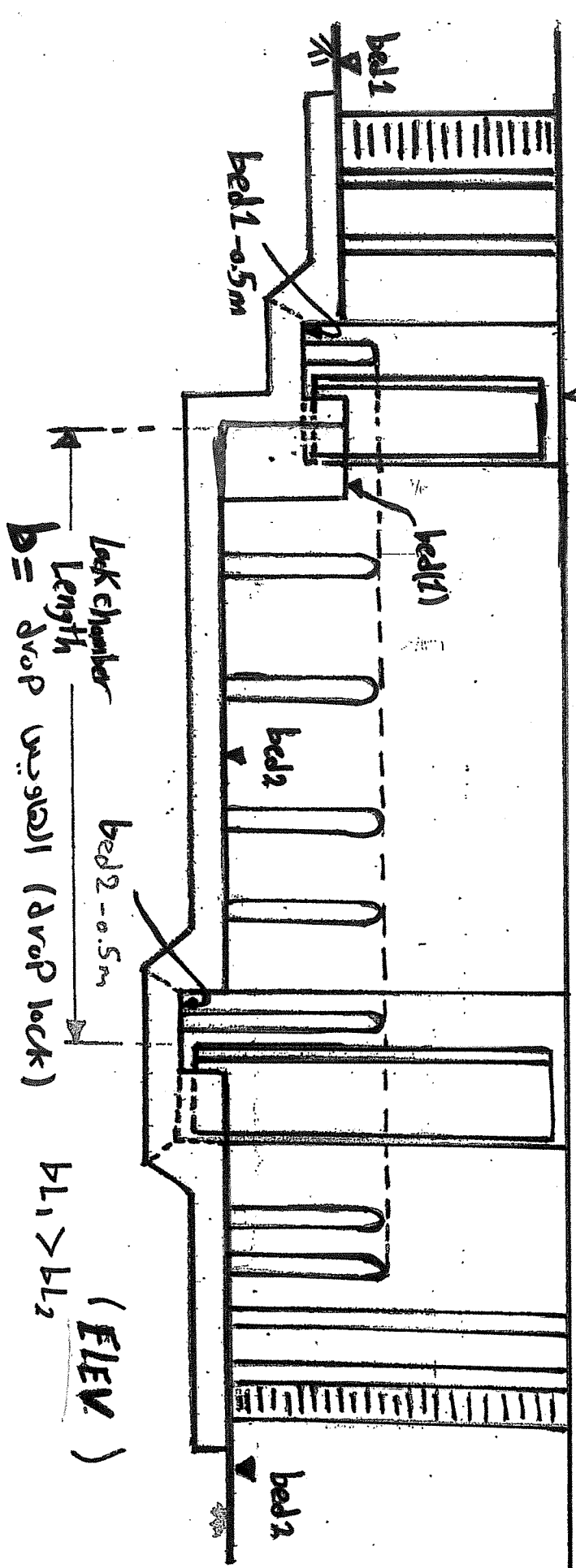
PLAN



اعرف الفرق



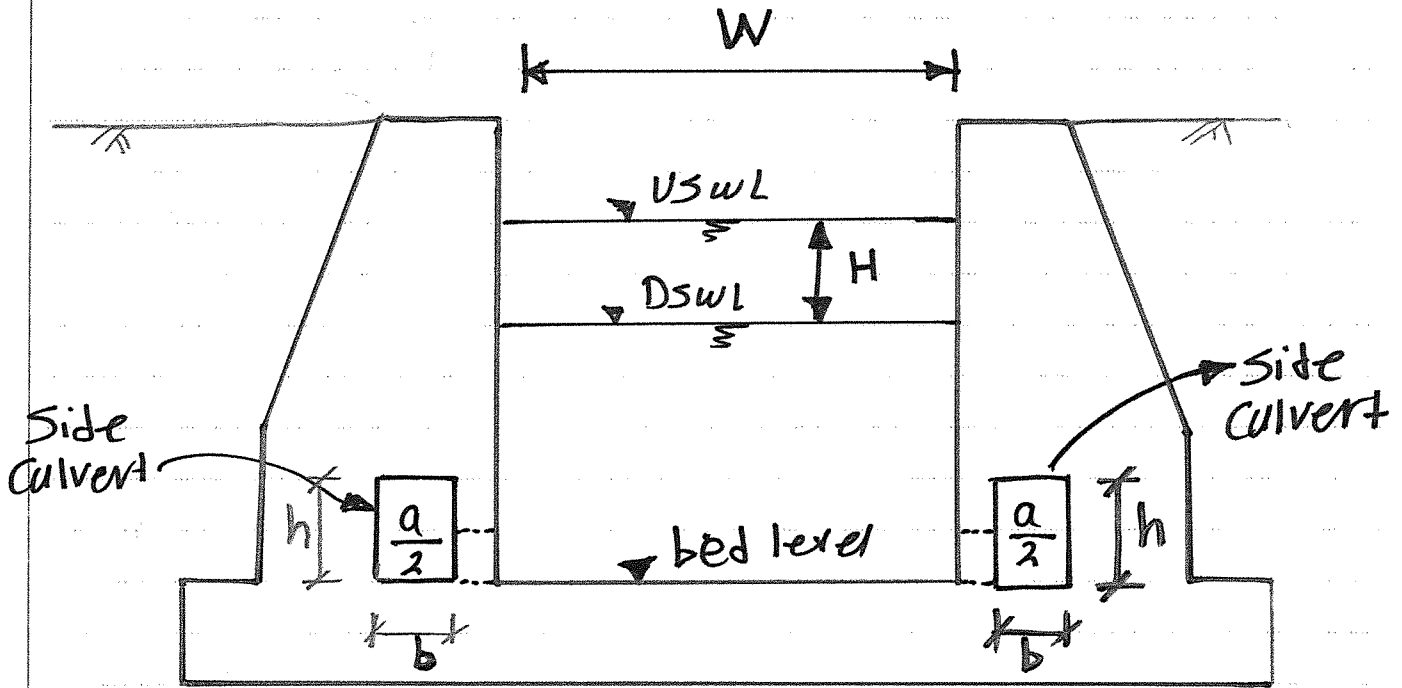
القاوس الحجرى (ELEV)
 $BL_1 = BL_2$



(ELEV)
 $BL_1 > BL_2$

Design of Side Culvert

لديجاد ايجاد فتحة الملق و التفريغ



$$(a) \text{ area} = \frac{2 * W * L * \sqrt{H}}{C_d \sqrt{2g} T}$$

$a \rightarrow \text{area} = m^2$ المساحة المطلوبة للملح والتفريغ

$L \rightarrow (m)$ طول غرفة القويس Length of Lock chamber

$W \rightarrow (m)$ عرض غرفة القويس width of Lock Chamber

$H \rightarrow \text{USWL} - \text{DSWL} = (m)$

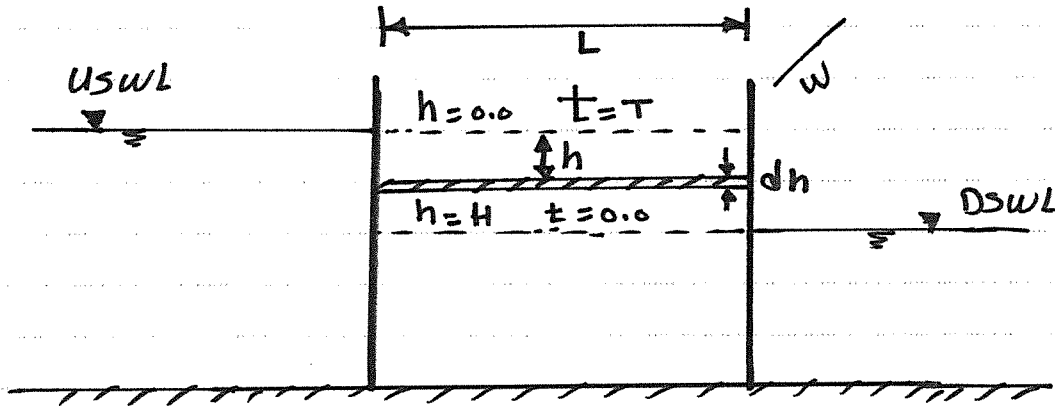
$C_d \rightarrow \text{Coefficient of Discharge} = 0.625$

$T \rightarrow \text{زمن الملح والتفريغ} = \sqrt{V} \text{ sec} (10 \rightarrow 15 \text{ min})$

حفظ اشياء

* Derive an expression for calculation The filling and emptying opening ?

استنتاج معادلة فتحات الملى والتفريغ .



يتبع اخذ شريحة عرضها (dh) ويتبع عمل لها تكامل

$$dV = -L * w * dh$$

$$Q = \frac{dV}{dt} \rightarrow dV = Q dt$$

$$Q dt = -L * w * dh \rightarrow (1) \quad \text{معادلة (1)}$$

$$Q = C_d a \sqrt{2gh} \rightarrow (2) \quad \text{معادلة (2)}$$

$$C_d a \sqrt{2gh} dt = -L * w * dh \quad \text{من (1) ، (2)}$$

$$dt = \frac{-L * w * dh}{C_d a \sqrt{2g} \sqrt{h}}$$

$$\int_0^T dt = \frac{-L * w}{C_d a \sqrt{2g}} \int_H^0 h^{-1/2}$$

$$T = \frac{2 L W \sqrt{H}}{C_d a \sqrt{2g}}$$

الاشارة الى ان كل ما الزمن بتزيد h بتقل

$$a = \frac{2 L W \sqrt{H}}{C_d T \sqrt{2g}}$$

لو الفتحة مستطيلة :

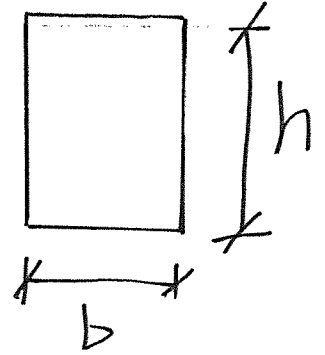
✓✓

$$\therefore \frac{a}{2} = b * h$$

$$\therefore b \neq 1m$$

$$h \neq 1.8m$$

assume $h = 1.8 m$



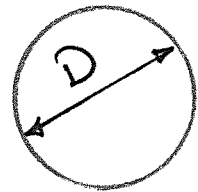
$$b = \frac{(a/2)}{h} = \dots \geq 1m$$

يتم تقريب b لدقوب (100m)

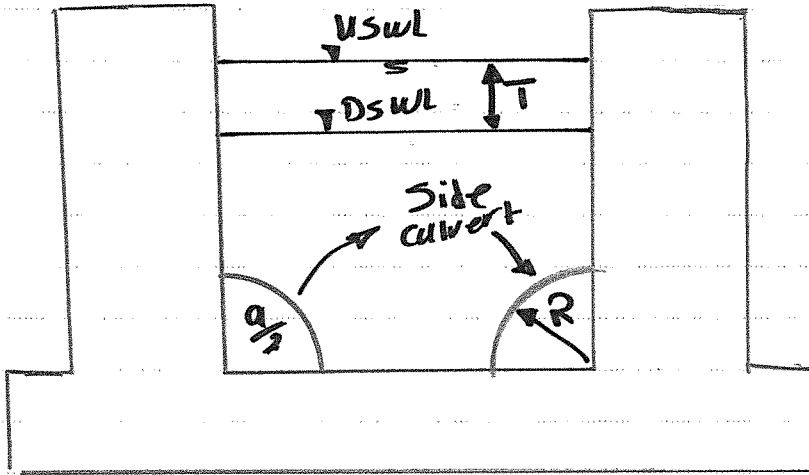
لو الفتحة دائرية :

$$\frac{a}{2} = \frac{\pi D^2}{4}$$

$$D = \dots \geq 1.8m$$



لو الفتحة ربع دائرة :-



$$\frac{a}{2} = \frac{\pi R^2}{4}$$

$$R = \sqrt{\frac{2a}{\pi}} \text{ m}$$

example

$$\therefore U_{swl} = (8.00)$$

$$D_{swl} = (5.00)$$

$$L = 120 \text{ m}$$

$$w = 16 \text{ m}$$

$$T = 10 \text{ min}$$

$$C_d = 0.62$$

↓

$$(a) \text{ area} = \frac{2 * L * w * \sqrt{H}}{C_d * T * \sqrt{2g}}$$

$$\therefore H = U_{swl} - D_{swl} = 8 - 5 = 3 \text{ m}$$

$$\therefore T = 10 * 60 = 600 \text{ sec}$$

$$(a) = \frac{2 * 120 * 16 * \sqrt{3}}{0.62 * 600 * \sqrt{2 * 9.81}} = 4 \text{ m}^2$$

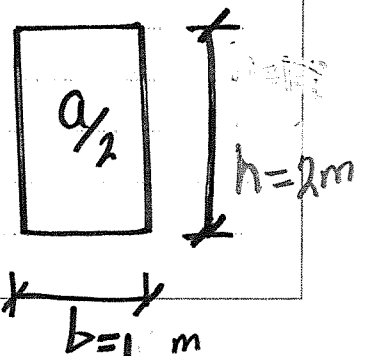
$$\therefore \frac{a}{2} = \frac{4}{2} = 2 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\frac{a}{2} = b * h$$

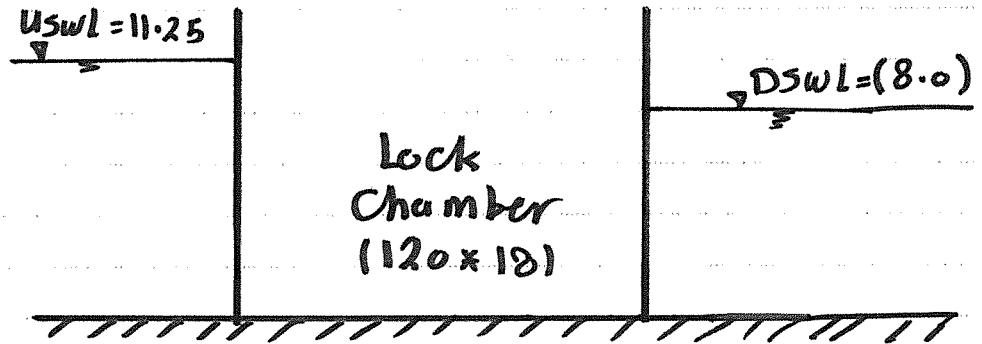
assume $b = 1.0 \text{ m}$

$$2 = 1 * h$$

$$h = 2 > 1.8$$



Example



* Lock Chamber (120 * 18) $L = 120m$
 $W = 18m$

* Time of filling and emptying = 12 min

Req

Design of filling and emptying for each of the following cases:-

1- 2 side culvert (Rectangular) مستطيلة

2- 2 side culvert ($\frac{1}{4}$ Circular) ربع دائرة

3- one culvert embeded in floor if $t_f = 4.5m$

Rectangular

4- 2 side culvert (Pipes)

الحلوة

$$H = USWL - DSWL = 11.25 - 8 = 3.25 \text{ m}$$

$$T = 12 \text{ min} * 60 = 720 \text{ Sec}$$

$$Q = \frac{2 * L * W * \sqrt{H}}{C_d * T * \sqrt{2g}}$$

$$Q = \frac{2 * 120 * 18 * \sqrt{3.25}}{0.62 * 720 * \sqrt{2 * 9.81}} = 3.92 \text{ m}^3$$

① 2 side Culvert Rectangular :-

$$\frac{Q}{2} = b * h$$

$$\frac{3.92}{2} = b * h$$

assume $h = 1.8 \text{ m}$

$$\frac{3.92}{2} = b * 1.8$$

$$b = 1.08 \text{ m} \approx 1.1 \text{ m} > 1 \text{ m} \text{ OK}$$

$\therefore h = 1.8 \text{ m}$ $b = 1.1 \text{ m}$

② 2 side culvert (1/4 Circular) :-

$$\frac{a}{2} = \frac{1}{4} \pi r^2$$

$$\frac{3.92}{2} = \frac{1}{4} \pi r^2$$

$$r = 1.57 \text{ m} \approx 1.6 \text{ m}$$

$$\therefore r = 1.6 \text{ m}$$

③ one culvert embeded in floor if $t_{floor} = 4.5 \text{ m}$:-

ممكن ال Culvert يتعمل في الفرشة

$$a = 3.92 \text{ m}^2$$

$$a = b \times h$$

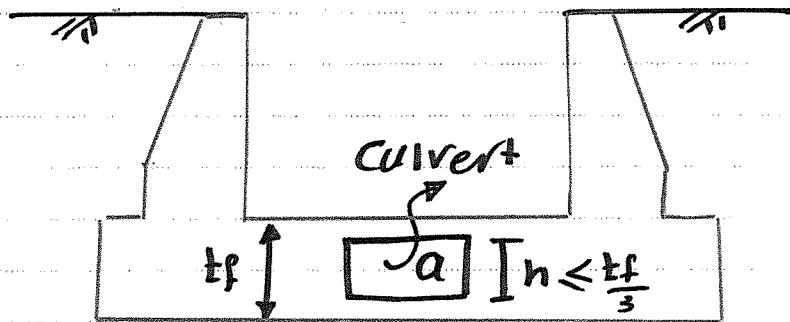
assume

$$h = \frac{t_f}{3} = \frac{4.5}{3} = 1.5 \text{ m}$$

$$3.92 = b \times 1.5$$

$$b = 2.61 \text{ m} \approx 2.7 \text{ m}$$

$$\therefore b = 2.7 \text{ m} \quad h = 1.5 \text{ m}$$



④ 2 side culvert Pipes

$$\frac{a}{2} = \frac{\pi D^2}{4}$$

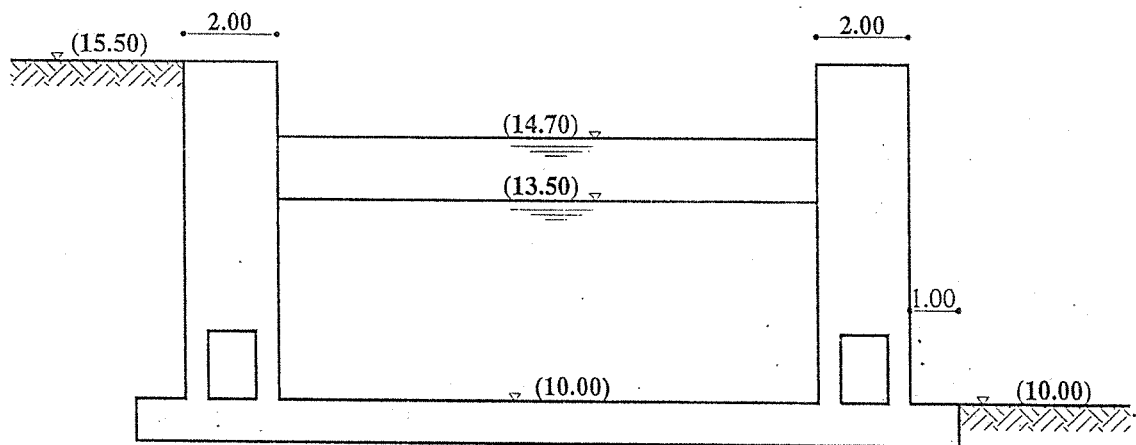
$$\frac{3.92}{2} = \frac{\pi \times D^2}{4}$$

$$D = 1.57 \approx 1.8 \text{ m}$$

Example

A reinforced concrete compound regulator and lock is to be constructed across a Rayah. The cross section of the Rayah is given in the following table. The Regulator consists of three vents each 5.0m span and piers of 1.0m thick. The Lock chamber dimensions 118*18m. The cross section of the lock chamber is given in fig (1). Time of filling and emptying the lock chamber is 10 minutes.

Bed width, m	Berm width, m	Road width, m	Side slopes	Bed level	Water level		Berm level	Road level	Land level
					H.W.L	L.W.L			
40.0	8.0	12.0	2 : 1	(10.00)	(14.70)	(13.50)	(15.50)	(17.00)	(16.20)



fig(1)

It is required to

- ✓✓ 1- Design the side culvert.
- 2- Draw neat sketches showing all elements, levels and dimensions for the following items:
 - a. Full plan.
 - b. Longitudinal section through the lock chamber.

الحل

* Lock Chamber (118 * 18 m)

$$L = 118 \text{ m} \quad W = 18 \text{ m}$$

* Time of filling and emptying = 10 min

$$\therefore \nabla \text{ USWL} = (14.7)$$

$$\nabla \text{ DSWL} = (13.5)$$

* Design of the side culvert ?

$$a = \frac{2 * L * W * \sqrt{H}}{C_d * T * \sqrt{2g}}$$

$$H = \text{USWL} - \text{DSWL} = 14.7 - 13.5 = 1.2 \text{ m}$$

$$T = 10 * 60 = 600 \text{ sec}$$

$$a = \frac{2 * 118 * 18 * \sqrt{1.2}}{0.62 * 600 * \sqrt{2 * 9.81}} = 2.82 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\frac{a}{2} = b * h \quad \text{هنا الرسم شكل ال culvert مستطيل}$$

$$\frac{2.82}{2} = b * h$$

assume $h = 1.8 \text{ m}$

$$\frac{2.82}{2} = 1.8 * b \quad \Rightarrow b = 0.78 \approx 1.0 \text{ m}$$